CITY, TOWN

New York

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NA

FOR NPS USE ONLY	
RECEIVED	
DATE ENTERED	

New York

SEE IN	ISTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES				FORMS	
NAME						-
HISTORIC						
	Chance, Albert Bis	nop, House and	<u> Gardens</u>			
AND/OR COMMON	The Chance House					
LOCATION	THE SHARES HOUSE					
STREET & NUMBER						
	319 East Sneed			OT FOR PUBL		
CITY, TOWN				ONGRESSION		
STATE	Centralia —	CODE		OUNTY	Richai	rd A. Ichord
JIAIC	Missouri	029		one		019
CLASSIFICA	ATION					
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS			PRESE	ENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED		AGRICUL	TURE	<u>X</u> MUSEUM
_XBUILDING(S)	X PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED		COMME	RCIAL	X PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGR		EDUCAT		PRIVATE RESIDEN
X_SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE		ENTERTA		RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESSBEING CONSIDERED	X_YES: RESTRICTED		GOVERN		SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	NO	ieb	MILITAR		TRANSPORTATION
OWNER OF	PROPERTY					
NAME						
THE STATE OF THE S	Chance Foundation	"Boone Interna	ational"			
STREET & NUMBER						
0.577 7.01474	Rollins Street			CTA	TE	
CITY, TOWN	Centralia —	VICINITY OF	Mi	sta issouri	65240	
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR			1330 <b>u</b> . 1	002.10	
COURTHOUSE.						
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, E	<sup>rc.</sup> Boone County Court	House Record	er of Deeds	3		
STREET & NUMBER	703 F					
CITY, TOWN	701 East Broadway			STA	TE	·
	Columbia		M-	issouri	65201	
REPRESEN'	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVE				
TITLE						
	1. Great Gardens	in America				
DATE					**************************************	
DEBOOKON	1969	FEDI	ERALSTATE	COUNTY	LOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Published by:	Courand Macan	n Inc			
	rupiisnea DV:	LOWATO-MCCAN	11 - 1110.			

#### CONDITION

CHECK ONE

**CHECK ONE** 

XEXCELLENT \_\_GOOD

\_\_FAIR

\_\_DETERIORATED

\_\_UNEXPOSED

\_\_RUINS

\_\_UNALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE
\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_\_

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Albert Bishop Chance House in Centralia, Missouri is a two story house with full attic and basement, constructed in the Queen Anne style of design. Its plan is compact, providing easy flow from room to room. The Chance Gardens, located on the northern extreme of the property, provide a fine example of formal gardens designed to fit a compact area.

#### HOUSE

Exterior. The house faces south and measures 42' along its south side. The porte cochère adds an additional 15' to the east. The east facade measures 83' in length including the porte cochère and the added apartment on the north side. The west side measures 51' and the north is 29' in length.

The Chance House is an exposed frame structure supported by a full, raised basement of red-painted brick. The brick is faced with rock-faced stone, however, under the elaborate chimney to the southwest. The frame is exposed on the exterior around windows, doors, corners and bays, and the entire house is now painted white. Decorative detailing is done in brick, stone and wood, and the house is capped by a combination of ogee-domed, gabled and hipped sections covered with red shingles.

The primary facade of the Chance House is dominated by its broad veranda which ends on the east in a porte cochère. This feature is composed of five red brick pillars which support a boxed cornice with a fasciated frieze capped by a low pitched red shingled roof. In the veranda area a waist-high wall of quarry-faced stone runs between the pillars, joining them. To the east, within the tower at first floor level, four single-sash windows, with leaded transoms and entablature heads, open onto the veranda. To the west is the location of an elaborate chimney which surrounds a round-arched window embellished with stained glass which is capped with heavy, quarry-faced stone voussoirs supported by carved stone pilasters. The actual chimney, which is in the extreme southwest corner, projects skyward a full three stories and is constructed of red brick laid in common bond. The elaborated chimney area is also done in common bond with beige stone detailing along its edges and in panels of raised diaper design within.

The second story of the south facade has an enclosed sun porch immediately west of the southeast tower. The former opening of this porch is adorned with a decorated hood with brackets and has been glazed. To the east, the tower is the location of several transomed windows with entablature heads. Its ogee-domed roof is topped with a copper ball and lotus finial.

Above the denticulated and molded cornice which separates the second story from the attic level, a single pedimented gable with a boxed and denticulated raking cornice encloses three small vents arranged in the Palladian manner with its central member peaked. Another denticulated and molded course runs immediately above, and a decorative panel with a torch and foliage in relief within the gable peak completes the south side of the house.

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



CHANCE, ALBERT BISHOP, HOUSE AND GARDENS

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE 1

The east facade of the house is similar in design to the south. Added embellishment includes a small stained glass window on the north side of the tower. Just north of this a small curving bay projects from the facade, rests on a cul-de-lampe and is capped by a red shingled roof. Piercing this oriel, which corresponds to the location of the interior staircase landing, are three stained glass windows. Further north on this side a large, five-sided bay projects from the house which is reduced to one of three sides as it rises to roof level, pierced by several single sash windows with leaded and stained glass transoms. The east facade is capped by a gabled roof with a raised sunburst design done in wood on the gable peak. In addition, jigsawn adornment with pendants is suspended from the cornice in the corners formed by the outward projection of the bay.

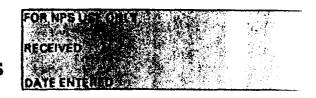
The north facade is a continuation of the design of the rest of the house. The attached garage-apartment masks most of the first story, but a distinctive stained glass window with floral designs is located to the east. At the extreme west on this facade is an enclosed porch which has retained its original receptacles for milk and mail deliveries.

The west facade shares the enclosed porch with the north facade at its north end. Features here include a rounded bay enclosing four windows with leaded and stained glass transoms at first floor level, and an oriel window and smaller stained glass window to the south. In addition, the west side is capped by a gabled roof with a palmette in relief at its peak.

Interior. The Chance House is entered from the south veranda through a solid oak, three paneled door into a small entryway which features a geometrically patterned floor of red, yellow, blue and white round tiles. Engaged oaken columns flank the entryway. To the west is the living room where the original fireplace in the southwest corner has been removed. The woodwork here and elsewhere inside the house is solid oak. Carved lintels embellished with urns and tendrilous garlands are found over both the doors and the windows in the living room, dining room and stairway areas. To the east of the living room through a pair of French doors is the dining room. Both these main rooms feature built-in cupboards, decoratively molded and enclosed behind leaded glass doors. One section of the cupboard in the east wall of the living room pierces the wall so that it can be reached from the dining room as well.

Immediately to the right of the main entryway is a small reception room and the main staircase, both located within the southeast tower. The reception room features decorative, paneled woodwork, a wooden bench below window level and a small stained glass window depicting a harp. The curving oak staircase with spindle balustrade

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



CHANCE, ALBERT BISHOP, HOUSE AND GARDENS

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 2

rises eight steps to the first landing and is flanked by two newel posts, one modeled after a Tuscan column and the other square and adorned with an egg and dart molding. At the landing is a small rounded alcove with three stained glass windows. This area corresponds to the oriel window described on the east facade. The stairs turn  $180^{\circ}$  at this landing and rise ten steps to the second floor. The exposed exterior string of this section of the stairway is embellished with moldings and sunburst paterae.

The second floor of the Chance House continues the Queen Anne decoration begun on the first floor. The oaken woodwork around the doors and windows here, however, is of a plainer design than that found below.

The attic covers the entire house and is floored with white pine. The tower is semi-finished and has wall boarding, a subfloor and has been adorned with plain moldings.

The basement is semi-finished and is reached by a descending staircase from the kitchen. It is constructed of brick and concrete and runs under the entire house with the exception of the attached garage. Here, the original workshop and tool room of A.B. Chance is just as he left it with his notebook, tools and implements carefully arranged in the myriad of small varnished drawers which line the walls.

#### **ALTERATIONS**

Baths have been added in the northwest corner of the former library or den on the first floor and to two of the bedrooms on the second floor. The northeast porch was enclosed at an early date as was the second floor porch to the south, and the kitchen and butler's pantry have been completely modernized. In addition, a fireplace has been added to the north wall of the living room and that in the southwest corner has been removed. After the Chance family acquired the house a garage was added to the rear, the porte cochère was constructed on the south side and the living room and parlor were made into one large room.

#### **GARDENS**

Located to the north of the Chance House are the Chance Gardens which were constructed in 1937. Over 300 tons of native stone were hauled from all parts of the state to the small plot which measures only 150' by 154'. Eventually over 700 varieties of plants and flowers were to be found in the garden including 46 varieties of roses, 20 of water lilies and 200 of cactus. In 1970 the gardens were reconstructed due to deterioration.

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

OR NPS USE ONLY	*
ECEIVED	- Q.,
W. A. C.	
	A Company
ATE ENTERED	

CHANCE, ALBERT BISHOP, HOUSE AND GARDENS

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER 7

PAGE 2

Original Design. The entrance to the gardens is from the south, through a Japanese torii gateway. Stone steps descend to the floor of the garden, and winding paths, which are built of stone and seemingly placed at random, lead to the various parts of the gardens. Just at the foot of the steps is a natural stone bridge over a winding pool which resembles a natural lagoon. At one end of the lagoon originally was located a miniature lighthouse, four feet in height, with a rocky base. Fish and water lilies adorned the lagoon, and Chance designed a miniature replica of the island where Moses was found here complete with bullrushes, Nile flag and lotus. The floor of the garden was covered with a heavy carpet of brilliant green grass.

The rocks forming the shoulders and terraces of the garden include the native cathedral rock, a Missouri limestone type which weathers into forms resembling spires and battlements. Three waterfalls are located in the gardens, and the rocks associated with them are so placed that they have helped to create natural, watercut channels running throughout the area.

Roughly in the center of the gardens, on the higher terrace, the rose garden was located which featured 46 species of roses. In the center of the roses, a golden gazing crystal lined with gold leaf reflected the entire garden to the viewer.

Pottery was an important part of the design of the Chance Gardens, and many shapes and sizes were featured. All of it was made in Missouri from local clays, and most of it was manufactured by the Kansas City Pottery Company.

The watering system received special attention in the Chance Gardens. It was designed by Chance so that each section could operate independently. Thus the water was used only where it was needed. Pumps circulated the water in the pool through waterfalls to add oxygen. In this way the water was recycled and the cost kept low. In addition, to insure the proper growing medium for each type of plant, each was planted in a special soil mixture suitable to its needs.

At the west end of the gardens is the Japanese pergola and the grotto. The pergola features side panels embellished with rising sun designs in stickwork and a broken tile floor. A case containing memorabilia from Chance's trip around the world is on its north side. North of the pergola is the grotto. From the exterior it appears to be a hill with a door in one side. The hill is covered with rocks and rare plants, and a waterfall trickles over the rocks to a pool. This structure is supported by a steel skeleton and concrete chinking, but it is constructed so that none of the supports are visible. The grotto is spot-lighted with white and colored lights to highlight the faceted calcite crystals which are sprinkled throughout its structure. Inside, a replica of the Taj Mahal in Agra, India,

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



CHANCE, ALBERT BISHOP, HOUSE AND GARDENS

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE A

which was carved from alabaster and set in a niche, was originally specially lit to resemble this building in the moonlight. The northern part of the gardens features a fountain of youth and a wishing well. The fountain of youth was constructed by Chance so that it was activated by an onlookers weight when he stepped on a certain spot. The wishing well is capped by a Moorish arch of Missouri limestone. Just to the east, a series of stone benches, also constructed of native rock, are arranged in a semi-circle. Bird baths are scattered throughout and a Japanese rose bower is located to the west. Another Japanese torii gate gives access to the street on the north, and on the east, the gardens are planted with trees, including Chinese elms, birches, conifers and Lombardy poplars.

Restoration and reconstruction. In 1970 the gardens were renovated. Leon C. Snyder, Jr. of the University of Missouri-Columbia, Department of Horticulture acted as landscape architect. Raymond Zierden, a rock garden builder from St. Paul, Minnesota, supervised the work. According to Snyder the gardens were in need of renovation for several reasons. The lily pond silted up every spring, electrical and mechanical parts were deteriorating and the water system was in need of repair. During the renovation, an attempt was made to retain the original attributes of the gardens wherever possible and to preserve the overall character of the area with special attention to the Japanese flavor in the pergola area. materials were used in accordance with the original wishes of Mr. Chance to emphasize Missouri's landscape and geology in his garden. The rock grotto, wishing well, torii gateways, stone benches and Japanese pergola were retained though the Taj Mahal replica had deteriorated and was removed. The lily pond was rebuilt and a rock garden composed of nearly 600 tons of native rock was completed. Marble from the quarries near Carthage, Missouri was used in the reconstruction of the garden's bridges, and bauxite from Arkansas replaced the flagstone walks which had badly deteriorated. A fence was added to the north as a screen to hide commercial buildings constructed since the gardens were originally designed. New automatic systems of underground lighting and watering were installed. Much of the garden pottery was removed to the safety of the Centralia Historical Society because vandalism had increased in the gardens. All the plants which were disturbed by the work necessary to implement these renovations were replanted after the work was completed.

SITE

The Chance House is located on a half block bounded by Sneed Street to the south Bradford Street to the east, and Singleton Street to the north in a residential area of the small town of Centralia, Missouri. A church is located immediately

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



CHANCE, ALBERT BISHOP, HOUSE AND GARDENS

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE ,

to the east, the local middle school to the northeast and a small grocery store to the north. Immediately north of the house are the Chance Gardens.

#### PRESENT CONDITION AND STATUS

The Albert Bishop Chance House is presently the home of the Centralia Historical Society and is maintained as a community museum. The gardens are maintained by the Chance Foundation and remain open to the public free of charge. The members of both the historical society and the Chance Foundation are determined that the property be properly maintained and remain a part of the community's heritage.

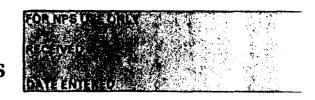
#### **FOOTNOTES**

1. Information on the Chance Gardens is taken from Otha C. Spencer, "Garden of Ideals", St. Louis [Missouri] Globe Democrat, Sunday Magazine, September 27, 1953, "Garden Visited by Thousands", St. Louis [Missouri] Post-Dispatch, Sunday Pictures, July 20, 1941, Louis H. Frohman and Jean Elliot, A Pictorial Guide to American Gardens (Waukesha: Country Beautiful, 1969), p. 238, Garret B. Hardin, "Chance Gardens Being Renovated", Columbia [Missouri] Missourian, August 2, 1970, p. 2 and Carroll C. Calkins, ed., Great Gardens in America (New York: Coward-McCann, Inc., 1969), pp. 238-242.

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Department of Natural Resources

P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City



314/751-4096

Missouri 65102

#### CHANCE, ALBERT BISHOP, HOUSE AND GARDENS

CO	ITINUATION SHEET	ITEM NUMBER	6	PAGE 1
2.	A Pictorial Guide to American G 1969 Published by: Country Beautifu Waukesha			Wisconsin 53186
3.	Missouri State Historical Survey 1978, 1979 Office of Historic Preservation Department of Natural Resources	1		state
	P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City			Missouri 65102
		ITEM NUMBER	11	PAGE 1
2.	Noelle Soren, Architectural His Office of Historic Preservation			

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	X_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
_1400-1499	_ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
_1600-1699	X.ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
X1 900-	COMMUNICATIONS	X_INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
	•	X_INVENTION	• •	•
SPECIFIC DAT	ES House - 1904 Gardens - 1937	BUILDER/ARCI		Dawson Taylor and t Bishop Chance

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Albert Bishop Chance House in Centralia, Missouri is significant as a notable example of Queen Anne Revival architecture in its locale. In addition, as the home of A.B. Chance, this site exemplifies the innovative mind of this noted American industrialist and inventor. Moreover, the Chance Gardens, which are located just north of the house, exhibit a design which inventively employs stone, wood, moving and still water, trees, flowers and plants, creating a variety of environments within a very limited space. Because of its unique position as a mid-Missouri country garden, this site has become an attraction for tourists from around the state and the nation.

This late example of Queen Anne Revival design was constructed for Robert L. and Belle Downing Hope as their home in 1904. Hope was born in Lewis County, Missouri on July 20, 1863 and attended college in Kirksville, Missouri. During this period he worked in a local drug store and learned the business. In 1885 he came to Centralia and opened his own pharmacy. He practiced as a druggist until 1935, served on the county hospital board and was president of the Missouri Pharmaceutical Association in 1903 and the Rexall Club in 1912.

The Hopes left the house in 1908 when it was purchased by Mr. Charles Early, the president of the Bank of Centralia. Mr. Early lived in the house until 1923 when it was purchased by A.B. Chance. It served as the Chance family home until the death of Mr. Chance in 1949.

Albert Bishop Chance was born in Centralia on May 26, 1873. As a boy, he was known as a tinkerer. He fathered many inventions and worked at the local Globe Hotel. In 1896 Albert Chance and his father, John, began installing the first telephone system in town. The main switchboard was located downtown, over 0.G. Williams' Drugstore and the company was called the Centralia Telephone Company. In 1898 the Chance team built the first telephone exchange in Macon, Missouri and sold it to Theodore Gary who was on his way toward becoming a local telephone tycoon. Through this period A.B. Chance was a stockholder in the company and a line repairman. In 1900 Mr. John Chance and his son strung the first telephone line between Centralia and Columbia. The company, which later became known as the Home Telephone Company, was sold by the Chance family in 1926. John Chance died in 1934.

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

OR NPS	USE OF	II.A. 🕠		dan e	
	32 v		a jakan Mas		
ECEIVE	)				4.7
	110				

CHANCE, ALBERT BISHOP, HOUSE AND GARDENS

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER g

PAGE

A.B. Chance, who had received local renown as a boy inventor, continued in the telephone business he had helped to build with his father until it was sold in 1926. Yet, he had additional interests as well. In 1907, in order to give form to his many inventions, A.B. Chance started a small manufacturing company in Centralia which was the basis for the future A.B. Chance Company. In addition, in 1910 he served as Mayor of his home town.

In 1912, a particularly severe winter sleet storm provided the opportunity for A.B. Chance to become remembered in the history of modern technology. The storm toppled telephone poles and blew down telegraph lines all across central Missouri, many miles of which Chance had strung himself. To remedy the situation and keep his poles up in future storms, Chance invented the Never-Creep Anchor for telephone poles. The eventual world-wide success of this product and others of its type became the basis for the future development of the A.B. Chance Maufacturing Company in Centralia, Missouri.

The little company grew steadily through the 1920's. A foundry was added in the middle of the decade, soon after the Chance Company entered the automotive supply business, first with piston rings and later with a line of chemical products such as polishes and radiator sealers.

The company was hit hard by the Depression. In 1929, for example, its sales totaled about \$700,000, but by 1932 the total had dropped to \$195,000. Due to frugal business practices and wise borrowing, however, not one of the company's employees was laid off, though some work weeks were very short. Throughout this crisis, A.B. Chance proved himself to be a generous man who personally helped his employees out with gifts of money and food, establishing patterns of intimate relations between the plant and the community which were to characterize the A.B. Chance Company in later years. 12

The decades from the Depression to the 1970's saw the expansion of the A.B. Chance Company in size, diversification of utility product lines and intensification of its role in the national economy. In 1932 the company incorporated, and for the first time stock was sold outside of the family. In 1934 the company made its first acquisition, the Wej-Lok Anchor Company of Winterset, Iowa. In 1937 the Tips Tool Company of Taylorville, Illinois, manufacturer of "hot line" tools which enable linemer to work on power lines without cutting the power, was acquired. Today most of the world's hot line equipment comes from Centralia, Missouri.

# FOR NPS USE ONLY RECEIVED

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

CHANCE, ALBERT BISHOP, HOUSE AND GARDENS

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER o

PAGE 2

During World War II the Chance Company made airplane parts at first. As the war progressed, however, and the advancing Allied Forces needed equipment to rebuild power and communication lines, the company gradually reverted to the manufacture of its own anchors, lance poles, cable chairs and other products for the Signal Corps.

With the War's end came the decision to concentrate the efforts of the company in the utilities business. An ambitious expansion program followed with more acquisitions, additions to the engineering staff, entry into the export field with the formation of a Canadian subsidiary and the establishment of a small export sales department which has grown into the company's present International Division. In 1945, the Bonnie Switch Company of San Francisco was acquired and in 1948, the large Baily Electrical Complex on the West Coast was added.

The 1950's were characterized by a further expansion of staff and test facilities. Acquisitions continued, however, with the W.H. Matthews Corporation of St. Louis and the Specialty Device Company of Cincinnati, both in 1953. In 1955 the Chance Company acquired the Seyler Company of Pittsburgh, a manufacturer of pole hardware.

In 1961 the Pitman Manufacturing Company of Grandview, Missouri, a fabricator of hydraulically powered equipment, was acquired. The same year a modern, engineering research center in Centralia was completed equipped to proof-test new products and product improvements. Today it is one of the most complete electro-mechanical facilities of its type in the world. The Union Pole Bracket Company, a maker of steel poles, was acquired in 1967 and the acquisition of the Cortran Manufacturing Company and the Washington Electrical Products Company in Washington, Missouri in 1968 gave the Chance Company a foothold in the \$400,000,000-a-year transformer industry.

In addition to the Never-Creep Anchor, one of the major developments made by Chance Company research was Epoxiglas plastic insulation for hot line tools manufactured from plastic foam, fiberglass and epoxy resin. The process for the fabrication of this product is patented, and its development was a major reason for the success of the company after World War II. This success enabled the sales of the company to grow from \$4,000,000 in 1946 to the \$70,000,000+ level in 1969.

In 1974-1975 the Chance Company changed its role and was itself acquired by the Emerson Electric Company of St. Louis, 14 yet it remains today one of the most important industries in central Missouri and the hub of activity in Centralia.

# C PLACES ORM

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

CHANCE, ALBERT BISHOP, HOUSE AND GARDENS

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

**ITEM NUMBER** 

PAGE 3

In addition to its 1,500 employees in four Missouri cities, it employs over 1,000 more in other operations in California, Oregon, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Texas and its Mexican and Canadian subsidiaries.

Since Chance was an inventor who was forever trying new ideas, it is not surprising that several features, innovative for their day, were to be found in this house. These include a bread board which receeded into the wall of the kitchen at the touch of a button and an ironing board which descended from its closet at a touch with its accompanying iron already heating. In addition, Chance installed a fan in the attic which drew smoke and odors from the kitchen range up a vent and out of the house. Other innovations introduced by Chance into this house included a central vacuum system, an automatic water heater, a water softener, an x-ray machine, a dark room and a chemical laboratory. All of these conveniences were designed and installed by Chance at a time when many homes of residents of rural Missouri lacked electricity. Most of these features have been removed over the years.

The Chance House is also significant as the site of the Chance Gardens, a horticultural attraction built by the Chance family and open freely to the public as an expression of gratitude to the community for its support of the Chance Company over the years. In 1927, Chance took a world tour. He was impressed by the gardens he saw, and, upon his return, he built one of his own so that "those passing may stop, rest, reflect and enjoy." Soon more than 10,000 persons a year visited the gardens from all over the world as the area became a major tourist attraction in the region.

The gardens were designed by Maude Dawson Taylor, a landscape architect based in Kansas City, Missouri, after designs by Mr. Chance. Mrs. Taylor owned and operated the Silhouette Gardens in Kansas City. 16

The survey of Missouri's historic sites is based on their selection as they relate to theme studies in Missouri history as outlined in "Missouri's State Historic Preservation Plan". The Albert Bishop Chance House and Gardens therefore, is being nominated to the National Register of Historic Places as an example of the themes of "Architecture", "Landscape Architecture" and "Technology".

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

OR NPS	USE OF	LT.			
	1			. S	
ECEIVED	為蘇維		. See 12	( ) ( *********************************	4.74
	124				
ATE EN	FRED	2.74	Note:		

CHANCE, ALBERT BISHOP, HOUSE AND GARDENS

**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE

#### **FOOTNOTES**

- 1. Edgar T. Rodemyre, <u>History of Centralia</u>, <u>Missouri</u> (Centralia: Fireside Guard, 1936), p. 335.
- 2. Theodore Gary is notable as the developer of the telephone industry in Missouri and Kansas. He was born in 1854 in Ohio and moved to Macon, Missouri in 1876. He was employed first as a lightening rod installer and then later became a successful banker and real estate speculator. In 1899 he purchased the local exchange from the Chance family. In his later years ne was responsible for the organization of many independent exchanges in Topeka, Kansas; Nevada, Missouri; and Joplin, Missouri. He utilized his real estate assets as investments in his phone companies and developed independent exchanges because he had no confidence in large trusts. General History of Macon County, Missouri (Chicago: Henry Taylor and Co., 1910), pp. 351-355.
- 3. <u>Missouri</u>, <u>Mother of the West</u>, Volume III, (Chicago: American Historical Society, Inc., 1930), p. 150.
- 4. Bill Vaughan, "Serving America's Lifeline", Chanco News (June, 1957), p. 5.
- 5. F. Gano Chance, The Ideas That Guide Us (New York: Newcomen Society, 1968), n.p. and Edgar Rodemyre, History of Centralia, Missouri, p. 305.
- 6. <u>Centralia</u>, <u>Missouri Centennial</u>, 1857-1957 (Centralia: Guard Printing and Publishing Co., 1957), p. 63.
- 7. Bill Vaughan, "Serving America's Lifeline", p. 7.
- 8. Ibid., p. 6. The anchor employed an ever-so-simple principle for providing maximum stability without necessitating a great deal of digging in frozen ground. A small hole was dug in the ground near the pole to be stabilized and at a 45° angle to it. A log, and later on as technology advanced, a heavy metal post, was inserted in the hole to a specified depth. A metal rod was bored through the ground over the log and through the log, at right angles to it. Then the hole was filled in so that the log was securely buried. Finally, a guide wire was strung from the top of the telephone pole to a loop on the rod at ground level, securing the pole.

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



#### CHANCE, ALBERT BISHOP, HOUSE AND GARDENS

#### **CONTINUATION SHEET**

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE 5

- 9. F. Gano Chance, The Ideas That Guide Us, n.p.
- 10. "A.B. Chance Serves the World", Chanco News (April, 1970), p. 9.
- 11. Ibid.
- 12. Bil Vaughan, "Serving America's Lifeline", p. 10. One manifestation of this policy is the company's profit sharing plan which was instituted in 1939. It is in the form of a savings and profit sharing trust fund to which both employees and the company contribute in order to build employees retirement savings. At the end of the first year the fund totalled \$8,000. Thirty years later it had topped the \$9,000,000 level. Charter members still active have accounts in the \$50,000 to \$100,000 range.
- 13. The following history of the development of the Chance Company is taken from F. Gano Chance, The Ideas That Guide Us, n.p. and Bill Vaughan, "Serving America's Lifeline", p. 10.
- 14. A.B. Chance Company, Annual Report (Centralia: A.B. Chance Company, 1974), p. 2.
- 15. Carroll C. Calkins, <u>Great Gardens of America</u> (New York: Coward-McCann Inc., 1969), p. 238.
- 16. Information supplied by the Centralia Historical Society, Centralia, Missouri. Unfortunately, no further information about this woman is available from local or published sources.

CHANCE, ALBERT BISHOP, HOUSE AND GARDENS

COUNTY:

Centralia Boone LOCATION: Chance Foundation "Boone International" Rollins Street Centralia, Mo. OMNER: ADDRESS:

April 27, 1979

DATE APPROVED BY A.C.:

May 7, 1979 DATE SENT TO D.C.:

May 9, 1979 DATE OF REC. IN D.C.:

July 3, 1979 DATE PLACED ON NATIONAL REGISTER:

January 7, 1980 Patrick Brennan DATE CERTIFICATE AWARDED (AND PRESENTOR):

DATE FILE REVIEWED:

### 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

- 1. A.B. Chance Company Annual Report. Centralia, 1974.
- 2. "A.B. Chance Serves the World", Chanco News (April, 1970), 7-13.

THEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER.  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER				. New York: Coward-Mo	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
CUADRANGLE NAME "Centralia, Mo."  OUADRANGLE SCALE 1:24,000  NORTHING 20NE EASTING NORTHING  C.			(31,200 squa	re feet)	
Alis   St7.4 7.310   4.34 to   2.315   B	QUADRANGLE NAME _			· _	1:24,000
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION  Lots One (1), Two (2), ihree (3), Four (4) and Five (5), all in Block Twenty-eight (28) of the original town, now City of Centralia, Boone County, Missouri together with all Improvements thereon.  LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES  STATE  CODE  COUNTY  CODE  FORM PREPARED BY  NAME / TITLE  1. Mrs. Annabel Howard, Mrs. Ruth Miller  Ms. Maryellen H. McVicker  ORGANIZATION  Centralia Historical Society  STREET A NUMBER  319 Fast Sneed Street  314/682-5711  STATE  CITY OR TOWN  Centralia Missouri 65240  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL  STATE X  LOCAL  STATE X  LOCAL  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL  STATE X  LOCAL  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL  STATE X  LOCAL  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE  Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE  Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  NEW YORK STATE WISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE  Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  NEW YORK STATE WISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE  Director, Department of Natural Resources and DATE  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE  Director, Department of Natural Resources and DATE  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  THEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE	UTM REFERENCES A 1 15 5 7 14 7 ZONE EASTING	13.0 4.3 4.0 2.3.5	ZONE		
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION  Lots One (1), Two (2), Ihree (3), Four (4) and Five (5), all in Block Twenty-eight (28) of the original town, now City of Centralia, Boone County, Missouri together with all improvements thereon.  LISTALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES  STATE CODE COUNTY CODE  STATE CODE COUNTY CODE  FORM PREPARED BY  NAME/TITLE 1. Mrs. Annabel Howard, Mrs. Ruth Miller  Ms. Maryellen H. McVicker DATE  Centralia Historical Society  STREET & NUMBER 319 Fast Speed Street 314/682-5711  CITY OR TOWN Centralia Missouri 65240  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL STATE LOCAL  sthe designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). I ereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the riteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE DI PROPERTY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER.  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE  STATE  CODE  CODE  COUNTY  CODE  STATE MEMORY STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES  STATE  STATE  LOCAL  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE DI PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER.  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE		<u> </u>	ر بر الم		
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION Lots One (1), Two (2), three (3), Four (4) and Five (5), all in Block Twenty-eight (22) of the original town, now City of Centralia, Boone County, Missouri together with all improvements thereon.  LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES  STATE  CODE  CODE  COUNTY  CODE  STATE  CODE  COUNTY  CODE  FORM PREPARED BY  NAME/TITLE  1. Mrs. Annabel Howard, Mrs. Ruth Miller  Ms. Maryellen H. McVicker  ORGANIZATION  Centralia Historical Society  STREET A NUMBER  319 Fast Sneed Street  314/682-5711  STATE  CENTRALIA MISSOURI 65240  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL  STATE X  LOCAL  STATE LOCAL  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THE NATIONAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION ACT Of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). I ereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the riteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE DI PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  THERESY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE	E L		F		لبيا
Lots One (1), Two (2), three (3), Four (4) and Five (5), all in Block Twenty-eight (28) of the original town, now City of Centralia, Boone County, Missouri together with all improvements thereon.  LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES  STATE  CODE  CODE  COUNTY  CODE  STATE  CODE  COUNTY  CODE  FORM PREPARED BY  NAME / TITLE  1. Mrs. Annabel Howard, Mrs. Ruth Miller  Ms. Maryellen H. McVicker  ORGANIZATION  Centralia Historical Society  STREET a NUMBER  319 Fast Sneed Street  314/682-5711  STATE  CITY OR TOWN  Centralia  Missouri 65240  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL  STATE X  LOCAL  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL  STATE X  LOCAL  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL  STATE X  LOCAL  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE  Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  INPS USEONLY  HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE			н		<u> </u>
STATE CODE COUNTY CODE  FORM PREPARED BY  NAME / TITLE  1. Mrs. Annabel Howard, Mrs. Ruth Miller Ms. Maryellen H. McVicker  ORGANIZATION  Centralia Historical Society  STREET & NUMBER  319 Fast Speed Street 314/682-5711  CITY OR TOWN  Centralia Missouri 65240  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL  STATE X  LOCAL  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  STATE AND A	Lots One (1), To (28) of the original with all improve	wo (2), three (3), Fou ginal town, now City overents thereon.	of Centralia,	Boone County, Missouri	i together
FORM PREPARED BY  NAME/TITLE  1. Mrs. Annabel Howard, Mrs. Ruth Miller Ms. Maryellen H. McVicker  ORGANIZATION  Centralia Historical Society  STREET & NUMBER  319 Fast Sneed Street 314/682-5711  CITY OR TOWN  Centralia  Missouri 65240  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL  STATE  STATE  STATE  LOCAL  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL  STATE  STATE  LOCAL  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER FOR THE NATIONAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE  Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  THEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE					
FORM PREPARED BY  NAME / TITLE  1. Mrs. Annabel Howard, Mrs. Ruth Miller Ms. Maryellen H. McVicker  ORGANIZATION  Centralia Historical Society  STREET & NUMBER  319 Fast Sneed Street  314/682-5711  CITY OR TOWN  Centralia  Centralia  Missouri 65240  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL  STATE  STATE  LOCAL  Sthe designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). I ereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the riteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE  Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  IMPS USE ONLY  HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE	SIAIE	CODE	(COUNT)		CODE
NAME/TITLE 1. Mrs. Annabel Howard, Mrs. Ruth Miller Ms. Maryellen H. McVicker  ORGANIZATION  Centralia Historical Society  STREET & NUMBER  319 Fast Sneed Street 314/682-5711  CITY OR TOWN  Centralia Missouri 65240  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL STATE L LOCAL  St the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). I ereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the riteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  NPS USE ONLY  I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER  CENTRAL MISSORIC PRESERVATIONAL REGISTER  DATE  KEEP'ER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER	STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STREET & NUMBER  319 Fast Sneed Street 314/682-571 STATE Centralia Missouri 65240  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: NATIONAL STATE  STATE  LOCAL  S the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). I sereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the riteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer IMPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE	ORGANIZATION	•		DATE	
TITLE Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  STATE Historic Preservation Officer  STATE Historic Preservation Officer for the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the riteria and procedures set forth by the National Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer for the Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer Signature  TITLE Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  NPS USE ONLY  I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE		Centralia Historical S	ociety	TELEPHONE	
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL STATE _X LOCAL  Is the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). I ereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the riteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  INPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER.  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE	OCT CO TOWN	319 Fast Sneed Street			
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION  THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL STATE X LOCAL  s the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). I ereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the riteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE		Centralia	·		n
THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:  NATIONAL STATE _X LOCAL  s the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I ereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the riteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE			IN OFFICE	•	<u> </u>
s the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665). I ereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the riteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  INPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  EST:  DATE		← 2		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
ereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the riteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.  STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE  TITLE Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  INPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER.  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  EST:	NATIONAL	ST/	ATE_X	LOCAL	
TITLE Director, Department of Natural Resources and State Historic Preservation Officer  INPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER.  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER EST:  DATE	hereby nominate this proper criteria and procedures set	perty for inclusion in the National forth by the National Park Service	l Register and certif		
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER  DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER EST:  DATE	TITLE Director, State History	Department of Natural		J DATE	
DATE  KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER  EST:  DATE	OR NPS USE ONLY			AL REGISTER	
KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER EST: DATE					
	KEEPER OF THE NA	ATIONAL REGISTER			
		ATION			



## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

#### CHANCE, ALBERT BISHOP, HOUSE AND GARDENS

#### **CONTINUATION SHEET**

ITEM NUMBER Q PAGE

- 4. Centralia, Missouri Centennial, 1857-1957. Centralia: Guard Printing Co., 1957.
- 5. Chance, F. Gano. The Ideas That Guide Us. New York: Newcomen Society, 1968.
- 6. Frohman, Louis H. and Elliot, Jean. <u>A Pictorial Guide to American Gardens</u>. Waukeshau: Country Beautiful, 1969.
- 7. "Garden Visited by Thousands", <u>St. Louis</u> [Missouri] <u>Post-Dispatch</u>, Sunday Pictures, July 20, 1941.
- 8. General History of Macon County, Missouri. Chicago: Henry Taylor and Co., 1910.
- 9. Hardin, Garret B. "Chance Gardens Being Renovated", <u>Columbia</u> [Missouri] Missourian, August 2, 1970, p. 2.
- 10. Information supplied by the Centralia Historical Society, Centralia, Missouri.
- 11. <u>Missouri, Mother of the West</u>, 3 Volumes. Chicago: American Historical Society, Inc., 1930.
- 12. Rodemyre, Edgar. <u>History of Centralia</u>, <u>Missouri</u>. Centralia: Fireside Guard, 1936.
- 13. Spencer, Otha C. "Garden of Ideals", <u>St. Louis</u> [Missouri] <u>Globe Democrat</u>, Sunday Magazine, September 27, 1953.
- 14. Vaughan, Bill. "Serving America's Lifeline", Chanco News (June, 1957), 1-15.

SITE PLAN MAP (PRIOR TO RESTORATION) A. B. CHANCE ROCK GARDEN CENTRALIA, MISSOURI NOT TO SCALE BRIDGE -SIDEWALK~ THE H HEDGE \_ROCK POST FLOWER BED FLOWER BED FLOWER BED FLOWER BED FOUNTAIN WATER FLOWER BED GRASS FLOWER -WELL **CHEDGE** FLOWER SHEDGE. BED BRANCHZ ARCH FLOWER  $\odot$ ARCH **FLOWERS** TERRACE WATER OFFICE FOUNTAIN WALL FLOWER SHED STREAM TERRACE SHED GROTTO BRIDGE LIGHT NOUSE WALK FLOWER BENCH

FLOWER BED

GARAGE

150'-111/2"

DRAINS

FIRE PLACE

FLOWER

BENCH

+ = TREE

BED

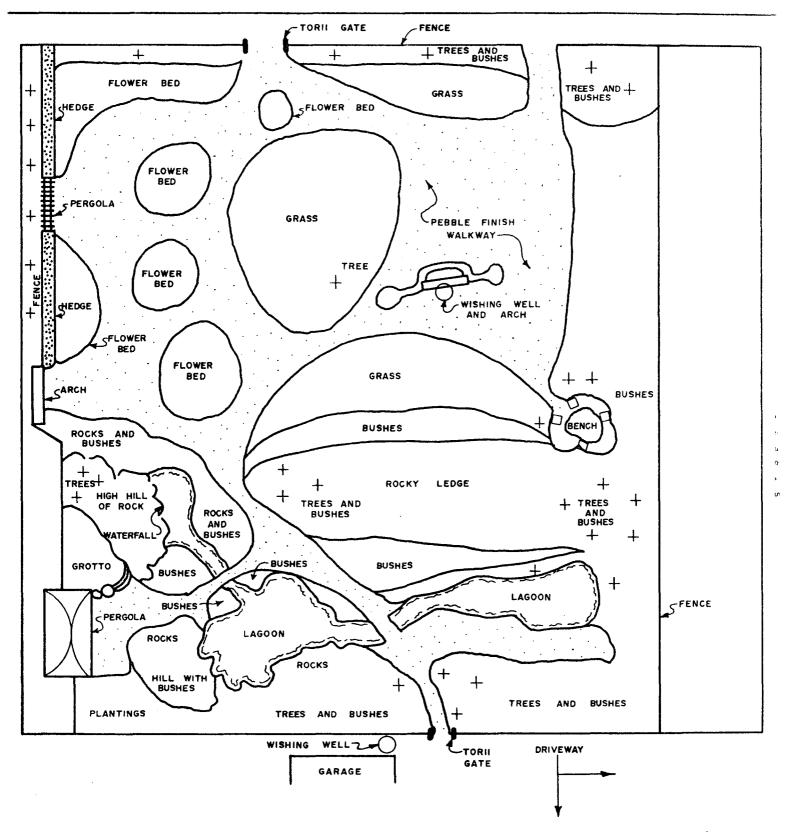
GRASS

DRIVEWAY

FLOWER

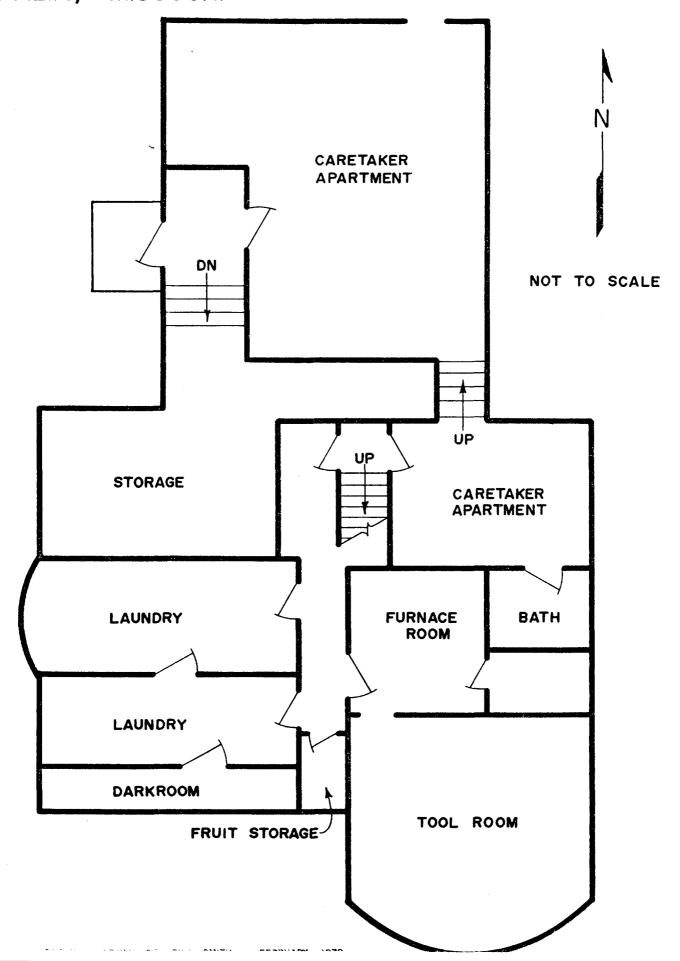
NOT TO SCALE

STREET



DILL CHITH

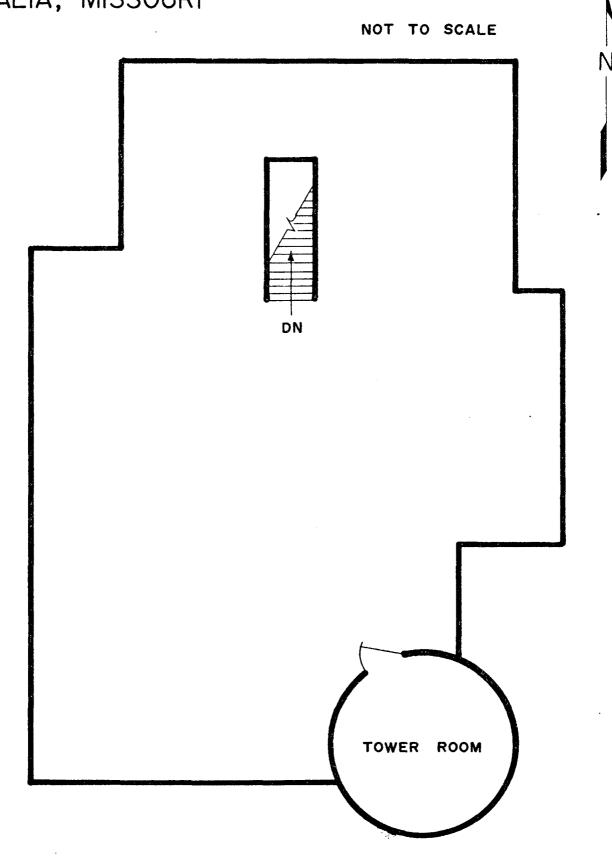
CENTRALIA HISTORICAL SOCIETY MUSEUM (A.B. CHANCE HOUSE) CENTRALIA, MISSOURI

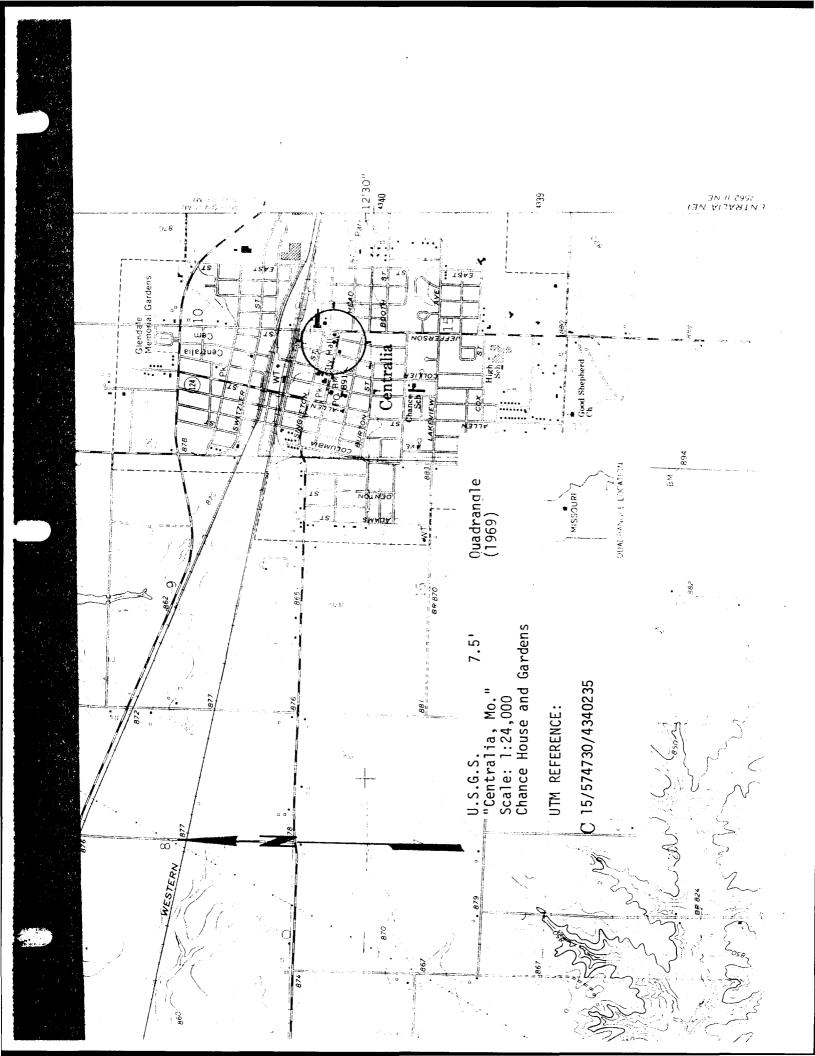


CENTRALIA HISTORICAL SOCIETY MUSEUM (A.B. CHANCE HOUSE)
CENTRALIA, MISSOURI NOT TO SCALE PORCH BATH KITCHEN MAID'S ROOM BUTLER'S **PANTRY** OR DN LIBRARY CL LIVING ROOM DINING ROOM CL ENTRY **RECEPTION PORCH** CCCDUADY SECOND FLOOR PLAN CENTRALIA HISTORICAL SOCIETY MUSEUM (A.B. CHANCE HOUSE) CENTRALIA, MISSOURI NOT TO SCALE (ATTIC) **BATH BEDROOM BATH** CL BATH CL CL **BEDROOM BEDROOM** CL CL CL HALL **BEDROOM ENCLOSED** SUNPORCH GAS GRATE

SUNROOM

ATTIC PLAN CENTRALIA HISTORICAL SOCIETY MUSEUM (A.B. CHANCE HOUSE) CENTRALIA, MISSOURI





the Chance Gardens which are located just north of the house, exhibit a design which inventively employs stone, wood, moving and still water, trees, flowers and plants, creating a variety of environments within a very limited space. Because of its unique position as a mid-Missouri country garden, this site has become an attraction for tourists from a notable example of Queen Anne Revival architecture in its locale. In addition, as the home of A.B. Chance, this site exemplifies the innovaaround the state and the nation. tive mind of this noted American industrialist and inventor. Moreover The Albert Bishop Chance House in Centralia, Missouri is significant as

